

Exhaust emission data sheet C40 N6H

60 Hz Spark ignited generator set EPA emissions

Engine information:

Model:QSJ2.4Bore:3.41 in. (86.5 mm)Type:4 cycle, in-line, 4 cylinderStroke:3.94 in. (100 mm)Aspiration:Naturally aspiratedDisplacement:146.46 cu. in. (2.4 liters)

Compression ratio: 9.5:1

Emission control device: Electronic air/fuel ratio control, and

closed-loop breather system.

	Natural gas	<u>Propane</u>
Performance data	<u>Standby</u>	<u>Standby</u>
BHP @ 3600 RPM (60 Hz)	85.5	87.5
Fuel consumption (SCFH)	573.2	236.2
Air to fuel ratio	16.4	14.4
Exhaust gas flow (CFM)	377.7	345.3
Exhaust gas temperature (°F)	1494	1531
Exhaust emission data		
HC (Total unburned hydrocarbons)*	44	260
NOx (Oxides of nitrogen as NO2)	2007	1638
CO (Carbon monoxide)	9997	18083
		Values are ppmvd
HC (Total unburned hydrocarbons)*	0.07	0.34
NOx (Oxides of nitrogen as NO2)	7.88	5.95
CO (Carbon monoxide)	27.59	46.16
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Values are Grams per HP-Hour

Test conditions

Data was recorded during steady-state rated engine speed (± 25 RPM) with full load (± 2%). Pressures, temperatures, and emission rates were stabilized.

Fuel specification:

Natural gas Dry gas as received from Supplier (1000 BTU/SCF).

Propane Meets the requirements for Commercial Grade Propane under the ASTM D1835

Standard Specification for Liquefied Gases

Fuel temperature 60 ± 9 °F at Flow Transmitter

Fuel pressure 14.73 PSIA ± 0.5 PSIA at Flow Transmitter

Intake air temperature: 77 ± 9 °F at inlet Barometric pressure: 29.92 in. Hg ± 1 in. Hg

Humidity: NOx measurement corrected to 75 grains H2O/lb dry air

The NOx, HC, and CO emission data tabulated here were from a single engine under the test conditions shown above. These data are subjected to instrumentation and engine-to-engine variability. Field emission test data are not guaranteed to these levels. Actual field test results may vary due to test site conditions, installation, fuel specification, test procedures and instrumentation. Engine operation with excessive air intake or exhaust restriction beyond published maximum limit, or with improper maintenance, may results in elevated emission levels.

^{*}HC includes all NMHC, VOC, POC, and ROC constituents (Non-Methane HC, Volatile Organic Compounds, Precursor Organic Compounds, and Reactive Organic Compounds).